

1.3. Institution integrates crosscutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability in Transacting the Curriculum

Response:

Dhaanish Ahmed College of Engineering believes that integrating cross-cutting issues with the curriculum will benefit the students' education and social engagement. The Anna University Curriculum includes many of these aspects. The crosscutting issues relevant to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability etc., make a lot of space when it comes to apply them positively in to the curriculum.



1. Gender Equality (The Women Empowerment Cell)

Women Empowerment cell is active in the college to empower girl students, to enhance understanding of issues related to women and to make the college campus a safe place for women student and faculty members. With a view to take up women's issue and problems, Gender equality refers to the equal rights, opportunities, and treatment of individuals regardless of their gender. It involves the recognition that both men and women should have the same rights, responsibilities, and opportunities in all areas of life, including education, employment, healthcare, and participation in political and social activities. Gender equality is not just a women's issue; it is a fundamental human right and is essential for the achievement of sustainable development, social justice, and the overall well-being of society. The cells aim at creating their rights and duties. It also provides a platform for women to share their experiences and views regarding their status in the society and toppage the action improve, and



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empower themselves. Aiming at intellectual and social Upliftment of the female students, the cell stands for facilitating women's empowerment through guest lectures, seminars, awareness programs and other welfare activities. The cells recognizing achievement and celebrating the achievements of women is an important aspect of promoting gender equality. The Women Empowerment Cell may organize events to highlight the contributions of women in various fields and encourage others to pursue their goals and also advocating for gender-sensitive policies and practices within the organization or community is another key role. This involves working with decision-makers to implement policies that promote gender equality and ensure fair treatment for all individuals.

Some of the initiatives made with respect to this are listed below:

- The Anna University curriculum has made "Introduction to Women and Gender Studies" course in their regular curriculum to create awareness about feminist theories, women's movements etc.
- The Institute has constituted Grievance and Redressal Committee, Women empowerment cell and Anti Sexual Harassment Committee to effectively curb any unhealthy working condition for the girls' students and women employee and to increase their morale & empower them.
- Equal opportunities to both the genders in terms of admissions, employment, training programs, sports activities, co-curricular activities and extracurricular activities. At present Principal, Head IQAC, Department Heads Science and Humanities, Electrical and Electronics Engineering, and Civil Engineering are leading by women faculty.
- Separate hostel for boys and girls with state of art infrastructure.
- Every year the Institute is organizing woman's day celebration to respect the women force at all levels.

2. Human Values

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The institute is organizing various programs to inculcate human values among students. Different activities like guest lecture, seminar and workshops relating to the human values have been organized for students. The courses like Disaster Management, Human Resource Management, and Entrepreneurship Development etc. help the students to develop their human values.

National Service Scheme

Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology has a Unit of NSS (National service scheme) operating effectively with volunteers from diverse backgrounds. The main goals of the NSS unit established in our college are to promote social welfare and in still a spirit of volunteerism in young people. NSS activities also emphasize creating awareness on social issues such as health, education, sanitation, and the environment. Through these activities, it aims to contribute to social development and positive change. NSS aims to provide a platform for students to engage in social service while learning from the community. The idea is to combine education and service for the holistic development of the individual and the community. They carry out their responsibilities with a feeling of social duty and a dedication to the advancement of the country' The college have organized events related to social initiatives, such as health and hygiene awareness campaigns, book donation, training programs, food distribution program etc. Apart from the primary focus on community service. NSS also aims

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at the overall personality development of the students. It encourages qualities such as leadership, teamwork, communication skills, and a sense of responsibility.

• Anti-Ragging

Ragging can take various forms, including verbal abuse, humiliation, physical assault, and harassment. It has been associated with negative consequences such as stress, anxiety, and sometimes even tragic incidents like suicides. To address these issues, the institution and authorities have implemented anti-ragging measures to create a safe and conducive learning environment for all students. Any sort of bullying or mistreatment of a student, whether it occurs on college property or elsewhere, shall be treated as a crime and immediately reported to the authorities' People who commit such crimes won't be permitted to continue their education' Parents and students must provide an affidavit at the time of admission stating that the pupils will not participate in ragging. The college has established an anti-ragging committee and squad to oversee and enforce student discipline. Institution conducted awareness campaigns to educate students about the negative impacts of ragging and the importance of fostering a healthy and inclusive environment. These campaigns may include workshops, seminars, and orientation programs.

3. Professional Ethics

The Anna University curriculum is offering "Professional Ethics in Engineering,, as elective subject and the college make sure the students take up that elective subject that enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human values, to in still Moral and social values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others' This course help the students to identify individual role and ethical responsibility towards society and to understand human rights and its implications. The college makes an attempt to integrate ethical and human values through extracurricular activities like personality development, yoga, meditation, etc., even if it is part of the academic program. In addition, industrial visits are organized for the students so they can learn about the workplace customs and procedures. The students are always encouraged to participate in internships and training programs at prestigious companies during their semester holidays. This enables students to gain experience to a professional environment.

4. Environment and Sustainability

Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology has a green campus for the healthy living and a good learning environment. The Anna University Curriculum have "Environmental Science and Engineering, Municipal Solid Waste Management, course in their regular curriculum to create awareness related to various environmental issues the world is facing. Students are given ample opportunity to learn about the climate change and it's hazards. Various extension programs are being organized by the institute through NSS unit to create awareness among the rural community with respect to ecological balance and its importance. Students are motivated to take up projects related to environmental issues to overcome the identified problems.



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1.3.1 List of Courses with topics related to Professional Ethics, Gender, Human Values, Environment and Sustainability

Sl.No	Program Code	Program Name	Course code	Name of Course	Name of the topics	Regulation of Anna University
1	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	IP3151	Induction Program	Human Values	2021
2	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	BM3351	Anatomy and Human Physiology	Human Values	2021
3	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	GE3361	Professional Development	Professional Ethics	2021
4	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	GE3451	Environment Sciences and sustainailbility	Environment and Sustainability	2021
5	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	CBM360	Patient Safety, Standard and Ethics	Professional Ethics	2021
6	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	MX3081	Disaster Risk Reduction and Management	Environment and Sustainability	2021
7	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	IP3151	Introduction Programme	Human Values	2017
8	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	GE8291	Environmental Science and Engineering	Environment and Sustainability	2017
9	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	OMD552	Hospital waste Management	Human Values	2017
10	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	OCE551	Air Pollution & control Engineering	Environment and Sustainability	2017
11	121	B.E Biomedical Engineering	HS8581	Professional Communication	Professional Ethics	2017
12	218	B.Tech Food Technology	IP3151	Induction Program	Human Values	2017
13	218	B.Tech Food Technology	CY8151	Engineering Chemistry	Human Values	2017
14	218	B.Tech Food Technology	BT8291	Microbiology	Human Values	2017
15	218	B.Tech Food Technology	FD8201	Biochemistry	Human Values	2017
16	218	B.Tech Food Technology	FD8303	Food Microbiology	Human Val ues	2017

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			B.Tech Food	ED 0205	Food Chemistry	Human	2017
	17	218	Technology	FD8305	and Nutrition	Values	2017
18		218	B.Tech Food Technology	GE8291	Environmental	Environment	2017
	18				Science and	and	
	10				Engineering	Sustainability	
19		218	B.Tech Food Technology	FD8503	Refrigeration	Environment	
	19				And Cold Chain	and	2017
					Management	Sustainability	
-		218	B.Tech Food Technology	FD8601	Food Process	Human	2017
	20				Engineering	Values	
					And Economics	v alues	
-			B.Tech Food	ED0004	Process		2017
					Economics And	Human	
	21	218	Technology	FD8004	Industrial	Values	2017
					Management		
-			B.Tech Food		Fundamentals of	Human	2017
	22	218	Technology	GE80/3	Nanoscience	Values	2017
+		218		FD8702	Food Safety,	Human	
	23		B.Tech Food		Quality And	Valude	2017
			Technology		Regulation	v alues	
-			B.Tech Food	ED0010	Management Of	Human	2017
	24	218	Technology	FD8018	Food Waste	Values	DOTT
-			B.Tech Food	OME754	Industrial Safety	Human	2017
	25	218	Technology	OME/34	Industrial Salety	Values	
1						Human	
		1	B.E Robotics		Disaster Risk	Values &	
	2.6	125	&	MX3084	Reduction and	Environment	2021
			Automation	2.18	Management	and	
						sustainability	
-		7 114	B.E	GE8076	Professional	Professional Ethics	2017
	27		Mechanical		Ethics in		
			Engineering		Engineering		
		125& 114	B.E Robotics	GE8071	Disaster Management	Gender	2017
			&				
			Automation				
	28		&				
			B.E				
			Mechanical				
			Engineering				
29			B.E Robotics	GE8291	Environment Er Science & Engineering su		
		.	&			Environment	2017
	20	125& 114	Automation			and	
	27		& B.E			sustainability	
			Mechanical				
			Engineering				
		104	B.E	d GE8291	Environmental En Science and Engineering su	Environment	
1	1130L		Computer			and	2017
1			Science and			sustainability	
1	OAC	12)	Engineering			Bat	NAUT DE D
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31	104	B.E Computer Science and Engineering	GE8075	Intellectual Property Rights	Human Values	2017
32	104	B.E Computer Science and Engineering	GE8076	Professional Ethics in Engineering	Human Values	2017
33	104	B.E Computer Science and Engineering	GE8074	Human Rights	Human Rights	2017
34	104	B.E Computer Science and Engineering	GE8071	Disaster Management	Environment and sustainability	2017
35	-	Science and Humanities	IP3151	Induction Program	Human Values	2021
36		Science and Humanities	HS3151	Professional English I	Professional Ethics	2021
37	-	Science and Humanities	CY3151	Engineering Chemistry	Environment and sustainability	2021
38	-	Science and Humanities	PH3151	Engineering Physics	Environment and sustainability	2021
39	-	Science and Humanities	HS3252	Professional English - Ii	Professional Ethics	2021



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IP3151

INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

"Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed."

"One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. "

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(i) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(ii) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(iii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely juncoutant. It must not be

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through do's and don'ts but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(iv) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(v) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(vi) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(vii) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(viii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(ix) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.



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BM3351

ANATOMY AND HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

LTPC

3024

COURSE OBJECTIVE

• To integrate the individual functions of all the cells and tissues and organs into functional whole, the human body.

• Function is dependent on a structure; the curriculum lays stress on functional anatomy of the organs.

• Emphasizes on the cardiovascular, respiratory, urinary and nervous system and their interrelatedness.

• Stimulate the students to understand the basic functioning of every system and the resultant unified organization

UNIT I BASIC ELEMENTS OF HUMAN BODY

Cell - Cell Structure and organelles - Functions of each component in the cell. Cell membrane - transport across membrane - Action potential (Nernst, Goldman equation), Homeostasis. Tissue: Types, functions.

UNIT II SKELETAL AND MUSCULAR SYSTEM

Skeletal: Types of Bone and function - Physiology of Bone formation - Division of Skeleton -Types of joints and function - Types of cartilage and function. -Types of muscles - Structure and Properties of Skeletal Muscle- Changes during muscle contraction- Neuromuscular junction.

UNIT III CARDIOVASCULAR AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Cardiovascular System: Structure - Conduction System of heart - Cardiac Cycle - Cardiac output. Blood: Composition - Functions - Haemostasis - Blood groups and typing. Blood Vessels - Structure and types - Blood pressure - Respiratory system: Parts of respiratory system – Respiratory physiology – Lung volumes and capacities – Gaseous exchange. 66

UNIT IV DIGESTIVE AND EXCRETORY SYSTEMS

Structure and functions of gastrointestinal system - secretory functions of the alimentary tract digestion and absorption in the gastrointestinal tract - structure of nephron - mechanism of urine formation - skin and sweat gland - temperature regulation.

UNIT V NERVOUS AND SENSORY SYSTEM

Structure and function of nervous tissue - Brain and spinal cord - Functions of CNS - Nerve conduction and synapse - Reflex action - Somatic and Autonomic Nervous system. Physiology of Vision, Hearing, Integumentary, Olfactory systems. Taste buds.



45 PERIODS Dr. K.G. PARTHIBAN.M.E., Ph.D., Principal & Professor Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology, Dhaanish Avenue, K.G. Chavadi, Coimbatore - 641 105.

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GE3361

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

LTPC 0021

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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To be proficient in important Microsoft Office tools: MS WORD, EXCEL, POWERPOINT.

• To be proficient in using MS WORD to create quality technical documents, by using standard templates, widely acceptable styles and formats, variety of features to enhance the presentability and overall utility value of content.

• To be proficient in using MS EXCEL for all data manipulation tasks including the common statistical, logical, mathematical etc., operations, conversion, analytics, search and explore, visualize, interlink, and utilizing many more critical features offered

• To be able to create and share quality presentations by using the features of MS PowerPoint, including: organization of content, presentability, aesthetics, using media elements and enhance the overall quality of presentations.

MS WORD: 10 Hours

Create and format a document

Working with tables

Working with Bullets and Lists

Working with styles, shapes, smart art, charts

Inserting objects, charts and importing objects from other office tools

Creating and Using document templates

Inserting equations, symbols and special characters

Working with Table of contents and References, citations

Insert and review comments

Create bookmarks, hyperlinks, endnotes footnote

Viewing document in different modes

Working with document protection and security

Inspect document for accessibility

MS EXCEL: 10

Hours Create worksheets, insert and format data

Work with different types of data: text, currency, date, numeric etc. Dr. K.G. PARTHI

Split, validate, consolidate, Convert data Sort and filter data

Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology. Perform calculations and use functions: (Statistical, Logical, Mathematical, date, Time etc.,) iue, K.G. Chavadi,



Work with Lookup and reference formulae

Create and Work with different types of charts

Use pivot tables to summarize and analyse data

Perform data analysis using own formulae and functions

Combine data from multiple worksheets using own formulae and built-in functions to generate results

Export data and sheets to other file formats

Working with macros

Protecting data and securing the workbook

MS POWERPOINT: 10

Hours Select slide templates, layout and themes

Formatting slide content and using bullets and numbering Insert and format images, smart art, tables, charts 73

Using Slide master, notes and handout master

Working with animation and transitions

Organize and Group slides Import or create and use media objects: audio, video, animation

Perform slideshow recording and Record narration and create presentable videos

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion the students will be able to

CO1: Use MS Word to create quality documents, by structuring and organizing content for their day to day technical and academic requirements

CO2:Use MS EXCEL to perform data operations and analytics, record, retrieve data as per requirements and visualize data for ease of understanding

CO3: Use MS PowerPoint to create high quality academic presentations by including common tables, charts, graphs, interlinking other elements, and using media objects.



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GE3451 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY L T P C

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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To introduce the basic concepts of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and emphasize on the biodiversity of India and its conservation.

- To impart knowledge on the causes, effects and control or prevention measures of environmental pollution and natural disasters.
- To facilitate the understanding of global and Indian scenario of renewable and nonrenewable resources, causes of their degradation and measures to preserve them.
- To familiarize the concept of sustainable development goals and appreciate the interdependence of economic and social aspects of sustainability, recognize and analyze climate changes, concept of carbon credit and the challenges of environmental management.
- To inculcate and embrace sustainability practices and develop a broader understanding on green materials, energy cycles and analyze the role of sustainable urbanization.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions. Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management. Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts.

UNIT III RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of- Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT

Development, GDP, Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols-Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case studies, Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.



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UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cyclescarbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization- Socioeconomical and technological change.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:To recognize and understand the functions of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and their conservation.

CO2:To identify the causes, effects of environmental pollution and natural disasters and contribute to the preventive measures in the society.

CO3:To identify and apply the understanding of renewable and non-renewable resources and contribute to the sustainable measures to preserve them for future generations.

CO4:To recognize the different goals of sustainable development and apply them for suitable technological advancement and societal development.

CO5:To demonstrate the knowledge of sustainability practices and identify green materials, energy cycles and the role of sustainable urbanization.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anubha Kaushik and C. P. Kaushik's "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", 6th Edition, New Age International Publishers ,2018.

2. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2016.

3. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

4. Allen, D. T. and Shonnard, D. R., Sustainability Engineering: Concepts, Design and Case Studies, Prentice Hall.

5. Bradley. A.S; Adebayo, A.O., Maria, P. Engineering applications in sustainable design and development, Cengage learning.

6. Environment Impact Assessment Guidelines, Notification of Government of India, 2006.

7. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998.







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1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38 . edition 2010.

2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.

3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, Third Edition, 2015.

5. Erach Bharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses" Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 2013.



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GE3451 ENVIRONM

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES AND SUSTAINABILITY LTPC

2002

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

• To introduce the basic concepts of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and emphasize on the biodiversity of India and its conservation.

• To impart knowledge on the causes, effects and control or prevention measures of environmental pollution and natural disasters.

• To facilitate the understanding of global and Indian scenario of renewable and non-renewable resources, causes of their degradation and measures to preserve them.

• To familiarize the concept of sustainable development goals and appreciate the interdependence of economic and social aspects of sustainability, recognize and analyze climate changes, concept of carbon credit and the challenges of environmental management.

• To inculcate and embrace sustainability practices and develop a broader understanding on green materials, energy cycles and analyze the role of sustainable urbanization.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness. Eco-system and Energy flow– ecological succession. Types of biodiversity: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity– values of biodiversity, India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Causes, Effects and Preventive measures of Water, Soil, Air and Noise Pollutions. Solid, Hazardous and E-Waste management. Case studies on Occupational Health and Safety Management system (OHASMS). Environmental protection, Environmental protection acts.

UNIT III RENEWABLE SOURCES OF ENERGY

Energy management and conservation, New Energy Sources: Need of new sources. Different types new energy sources. Applications of- Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion. Concept, origin and power plants of geothermal energy.

UNIT IV SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT

Development, GDP, Sustainability- concept, needs and challenges-economic, social and aspects of sustainability-from unsustainability to sustainability-millennium development goals, and protocols-Sustainable Development Goals-targets, indicators and intervention areas Climate change- Global, Regional and local environmental issues and possible solutions-case

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studies. Concept of Carbon Credit, Carbon Footprint. Environmental management in industry-A case study.

UNIT V SUSTAINABILITY PRACTICES

Zero waste and R concept, Circular economy, ISO 14000 Series, Material Life cycle assessment, Environmental Impact Assessment. Sustainable habitat: Green buildings, Green materials, Energy efficiency, Sustainable transports. Sustainable energy: Non-conventional Sources, Energy Cyclescarbon cycle, emission and sequestration, Green Engineering: Sustainable urbanization- Socioeconomical and technological change. TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:To recognize and understand the functions of environment, ecosystems and biodiversity and their conservation.

CO2:To identify the causes, effects of environmental pollution and natural disasters and contribute to the preventive measures in the society.

CO3:To identify and apply the understanding of renewable and non-renewable resources and contribute to the sustainable measures to preserve them for future generations.

CO4:To recognize the different goals of sustainable development and apply them for suitable technological advancement and societal development.

CO5:To demonstrate the knowledge of sustainability practices and identify green materials, energy cycles and the role of sustainable urbanization.

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7. Mackenthun, K.M., Basic Concepts in Environmental Management, Lewis Publication, London, 1998. 83

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1. R.K. Trivedi, 'Handbook of Environmental Laws, Rules, Guidelines, Compliances and Standards', Vol. I and II, Enviro Media. 38. edition 2010.

2. Cunningham, W.P. Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, 'Environmental Encyclopedia', Jaico Publ., House, Mumbai, 2001.

3. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT. LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

4. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, Third Edition, 2015.

5. Erach Bharucha "Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses" Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd. 2013.



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CBM360	PATIENT SAFETY, STANDARDS AND ETHICS	LTPC
	2 2	3003
COURSE OB	JECTIVE:	

- To understand the importance of patient safety against electrical hazards
- To explain the patient safety laws and regulations
- To understand the standards and testing of patient
- To know the patient safety specialities in clinical
- To know about the health care organization

UNIT -I EFFECTS OF ELECTRICITY

Physiological effects of electricity - important susceptibility parameters - microshock - macroshock hazards -patients' electrical environment - isolated power system - conductive surfaces

UNIT II PATIENT SAFETY LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Mandatory Reporting systems. Anatomy of a patient safety Law: Compliance Tips, Federal patient safety Legislation Initiatives, Medical Device Reporting, Clinical trials and Adverse-Event 116 Reporting, Patient safety Goals and standards, The Quality Assessment and performance Improvement rule.

UNIT III STANDARDS AND TESTING

Guidelines and safety practices to improve patient safety, Electrical safety codes and standards - IEC 60601-1 2005 standard, Basic Approaches to protection against shock, protection equipment design, Electrical safety analyser - Testing the electric system

UNIT IV PATIENT SAFETY IN MAIN CLINICAL SPECIALITIES

Intensive care and Anaesthesiology, safety surgery save lives, Emergency department clinical risk, Obstetric safety patient, Patient safety in internal medicine, Patient safety in Radiology.

UNIT V MEDICAL ETHICS

Definition of Medical ethics, Scope of ethics in medicine, American medical Association code of ethics, CMA code of ethics- Fundamental Responsibilities, The Doctor and The Patient, The Doctor and The Profession, Professional Independence, The Doctor And Society, Case Studies

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COURSE OUTCOME:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to

CO1:Outline the importance of patient safety against electrical hazards.

CO2:Brief out the patient safety laws and regulations

CO3:explain the standards and testing of patient

CO4:Understand the concept of the patient safety specialities in clinical

CO5:know about various health care organization

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John G.Webster, "Medical Instrumentation Application and design", 4th edition, Wiley India PvtLtd, New Delhi, 2015.

2. Liam Donaldson, Walter Ricciardi, "Textbook of patient safety and clinical Risk management", Springer.

3. Fay A. Rozovsky, James R. Woods, Jr, " The Handbook of Patient Safety Compliance", 2016



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MX3081 INTRODUCTION TO WOMEN AND GENDER STUDIES LTPC

3000

COURSE OUTLINE

UNIT I CONCEPTS

Sex vs. Gender, masculinity, femininity, socialization, patriarchy, public/ private, essentialism, binaryism, power, hegemony, hierarchy, stereotype, gender roles, gender relation, deconstruction, resistance, sexual division of labour.

UNIT II FEMINIST THEORY

Liberal, Marxist, Socialist, Radical, Psychoanalytic, postmodernist, ecofeminist.

UNIT III WOMEN'S MOVEMENTS: GLOBAL, NATIONAL AND LOCAL

Rise of Feminism in Europe and America. Women's Movement in India.

UNIT IV GENDER AND LANGUAGE

Linguistic Forms and Gender. Gender and narratives.

UNIT V GENDER AND REPRESENTATION

Advertising and popular visual media. Gender and Representation in Alternative Media. Gender and social media.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS



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IP3151

INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

"Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed."

"One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. "

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(x) Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(xi) Creative Arts

ADP

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(xii) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be

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through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(xiii) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(xiv) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(xv) Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(xvi) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(xvii) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(xviii) Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be not tests assessments during this programme.

Guide to Induction program from AICTE

References:

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GE8291

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING LTPC

3003

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OBJECTIVES:

• To study the nature and facts about environment.

• To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.

• To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.

• To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.

• To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth"s interior and surface.

• To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

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TEXTBOOKS:

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES :

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD,New Delhi, 2007.

2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) PVT, LTD, Hydrabad, 2015.

3. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

4. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2014.



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OMD552

HOSPITAL WASTE MANAGEMENT

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of hospital administration and management.
- To know the market related research process
- To explore various information management systems and relative supportive services.
- To learn the quality and safety aspects in hospital.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF HOSPITAL ADMINISTRATION

Distinction between Hospital and Industry, Challenges in Hospital Administration – Hospital Planning- Equipment Planning – Functional Planning - Current Issues in Hospital Management – Telemedicine - Bio-Medical Waste Management. 96

UNIT II HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN HOSPITAL

Principles of HRM – Functions of HRM – Profile of HRD Manager – Tools of HRD –Human Resource Inventory – Manpower Planning. Different Departments of Hospital, Recruitment, Selection, Training Guidelines –Methods of Training – Evaluation of Training – Leadership grooming and Training, Promotion – Transfer, Communication – nature, scope, barriers, styles and modes of communication.

UNIT III MARKETING RESEARCH PROCESS

Marketing information systems - assessing information needs, developing & disseminating information - Market Research process - Other market research considerations – Consumer Markets & Consumer Buyer Behaviour - Model of consumer behaviour - The buyer decision process - Model of business buyer behavior – Major types of buying situations - WTO and its implications.

UNIT IV HOSPITAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS & SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

Management Decisions and Related Information Requirement - Clinical Information Systems - Administrative Information Systems - Support Service Technical Information Systems - Medical Transcription, Medical Records Department - Central Sterilization and Supply Department - Pharmacy-Food Services - Laundry Services.

UNIT V QUALITY AND SAFETY ASPECTS IN HOSPITAL



Quality system – Elements, implementation of quality system, Documentation, Quality auditing, International Standards ISO 9000 – 9004 – Features of ISO 9001 – ISO 14000 – Environment Management Systems. NABA, JCI, NABL. Security – Loss Prevention – Fire

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Safety – Alarm System – Safety Rules. Health Insurance & Managing Health Care – Medical Audit – Hazard and Safety in a hospital Setup

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Explain the principles of Hospital administration.
- Identify the importance of Human resource management.
- List various marketing research techniques.
- Identify Information management systems and its uses.
- Understand safety procedures followed in hospitals.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.C.Goyal, "Hospital Administration and Human Resource Management", PHI – Fourth Edition, 2006.

2. G.D.Kunders, "Hospitals – Facilities Planning and Management – TMH, New Delhi – Fifth Reprint 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Cesar A.Caceres and Albert Zara, "The Practice of Clinical Engineering, Academic Press, New York, 1977.

2. Norman Metzger, "Handbook of Health Care Human Resources Management", 2nd edition Aspen Publication Inc. Rockville, Maryland, USA, 1990.

3. Peter Berman "Health Sector Reform in Developing Countries" - Harvard University Press, 1995.

4. William A. Reinke "Health Planning For Effective Management" - Oxford University Press.1988

5. Blane, David, Brunner, "Health and SOCIAL Organization: Towards a Health Policy for the 21st Century", Eric Calrendon Press 2002.

6. Arnold D. Kalcizony & Stephen M. Shortell, "Health Care Management", 6th Edition Cengage Learning, 2011. Dr. K.G. PARTHIBANM.E..Ph.D.,

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OCE551

AIR POLLUTION & CONTROL ENGINEERING

3003

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LTPC

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Structure and composition of Atmosphere – Definition, Scope and Scales of Air Pollution – Sources and classification of air pollutants and their effect on human health, vegetation, animals, property, aesthetic value and visibility- Ambient Air Quality and Emission standards.

UNIT II METEOROLOGY

Effects of meteorology on Air Pollution - Fundamentals, Atmospheric stability, Inversion, Wind profiles and stack plume patterns- Atmospheric Diffusion Theories – Dispersion models, Plume rise.

UNIT III CONTROL OF PARTICULATE CONTAMINANTS

Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment – Gas Particle Interaction – Working principle - Gravity Separators, Centrifugal separators Fabric filters, Particulate Scrubbers, Electrostatic Precipitators.

UNIT IV CONTROL OF GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS

Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment – Working principle - absorption, Adsorption, condensation, Incineration, Bio filters – Process control and Monitoring.

UNIT V INDOOR AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Sources, types and control of indoor air pollutants, sick building syndrome and Building related illness- Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution – Measurement – Standards –Control and Preventive measures.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS



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HS8581

PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

LTPC

0021

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims to:

- Enhance the Employability and Career Skills of students
- Orient the students towards grooming as a professional
- Make them Employable Graduates
- Develop their confidence and help them attend interviews successfully.

UNIT I

Introduction to Soft Skills-- Hard skills & soft skills - employability and career Skills-Grooming as a professional with values—Time Management—General awareness of Current Affairs

UNIT II

Self-Introduction-organizing the material - Introducing oneself to the audience – introducing the topic – answering questions – individual presentation practice— presenting the visuals effectively – 5 minute presentations

UNIT III

Introduction to Group Discussion— Participating in group discussions – understanding group dynamics - brainstorming the topic -- questioning and clarifying –GD strategies- activities to improve GD skills

UNIT IV

Interview etiquette – dress code – body language – attending job interviews– telephone/skype interview -one to one interview &panel interview – FAQs related to job interviews

UNIT V

Recognizing differences between groups and teams- managing time-managing stressnetworking professionally- respecting social protocols-understanding career managementdeveloping a long-term career plan-making career changes



Dr. K.G. PATOTAL: 30 PERIODS Principal & Professor Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology, Dhaanish Aveniro, K.G. Chavadi, Compatore - 641 105.



OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course Learners will be able to:

- Make effective presentations
- Participate confidently in Group Discussions.
- Attend job interviews and be successful in them.
- Develop adequate Soft Skills required for the workplace

Recommended Software

- 1. Open Source Software
- 2. Win English

REFERENCES:

1. Butterfield, Jeff Soft Skills for Everyone. Cengage Learning: New Delhi, 2015

2. E. Suresh Kumar et al. Communication for Professional Success. Orient Blackswan: Hyderabad, 2015

3. Interact English Lab Manual for Undergraduate Students, OrientBalckSwan: Hyderabad, 2016.

4. Raman, Meenakshi and Sangeeta Sharma. Professional Communication. Oxford University Press: Oxford, 2014

5. S. Hariharanetal. Soft Skills. MJP Publishers: Chennai, 2010.



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IP3151

INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

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The following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

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This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

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Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

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through do's and don'ts, but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

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Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

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Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.

References: Guide to Influction program from AICTE Dr. K.G. PARTHBAN.M.E., Ph.D., Principal & Professor Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology, Dhaanish Avenue, K.G. Chavadi, Coinbatore - 641.105.



CY8151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

LTPC

3003

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OBJECTIVES:

• To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.

• To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.

- Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.
- Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

• Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT

Hardness of water – types – expression of hardness – units – estimation of hardness of water by EDTA – numerical problems – boiler troubles (scale and sludge) – treatment of boiler feed water – Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) external treatment – Ion exchange process, zeolite process – desalination of brackish water – Reverse Osmosis.

UNIT II SURFACE CHEMISTRY AND CATALYSIS

Adsorption: Types of adsorption – adsorption of gases on solids – adsorption of solute from solutions – adsorption isotherms – Freundlich's adsorption isotherm – Langmuir's adsorption isotherm – contact theory – kinetics of surface reactions, unimolecular reactions, Langmuir - applications of adsorption on pollution abatement. Catalysis: Catalyst – types of catalysis – criteria – autocatalysis – catalytic poisoning and catalytic promoters - acid base catalysis – applications (catalytic convertor) – enzyme catalysis– Michaelis – Menten equation.

UNIT III ALLOYS AND PHASE RULE

Alloys: Introduction- Definition- properties of alloys- significance of alloying, functions and effect of alloying elements- Nichrome and stainless steel (18/8) – heat treatment of steel. Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, one component system -water system - reduced phase rule - thermal analysis and cooling curves - two component systems - lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels: Introduction - classification of fuels - coal - analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate) carbonization - manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process) - knocking - octane number - diesel oil -



cetane number - natural gas - compressed natural gas (CNG) - liquefied petroleum gases (LPG) - power alcohol and biodiesel. Combustion of fuels: Introduction - calorific value - higher and lower calorific values- theoretical calculation of calorific value - ignition temperature - spontaneous ignition temperature - explosive range - flue gas analysis (ORSAT Method).

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES

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Nuclear fission - controlled nuclear fission - nuclear fusion - differences between nuclear fission and fusion - nuclear chain reactions - nuclear energy - light water nuclear power plant - breeder reactor - solar energy conversion - solar cells - wind energy. Batteries, fuel cells and supercapacitors: Types of batteries – primary battery (dry cell) secondary battery (lead acid battery, lithium-ion-battery) fuel cells – H2-O2 fuel cell.

OUTCOMES:

• The knowledge gained on engineering materials, fuels, energy sources and water treatment techniques will facilitate better understanding of engineering processes and applications for further learning.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. S. Dara and S. S. Umare, "A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand & Company LTD, New Delhi, 2015

2. P. C. Jain and Monika Jain, "Engineering Chemistry" Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) LTD, New Delhi, 2015

3. S. Vairam, P. Kalyani and Suba Ramesh, "Engineering Chemistry", Wiley India PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.

2. Prasanta Rath, "Engineering Chemistry", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2015.

3. Shikha Agarwal, "Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge University Press, Delhi, 2015.

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BT8291

MICROBIOLOGY

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES

• To introduce students to the principles of Microbiology to emphasize structure and biochemical aspects of various microbes.

• To solve the problems in microbial infection and their control.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Basics of microbial existence; history of microbiology, classification and nomenclature of microorganisms, microscopic examination of microorganisms, light and electron microscopy; principles of different staining techniques like gram staining, acid fast, capsular staining, flagellar staining.

UNIT II MICROBES- STRUCTURE AND MULTIPLICATION 12

Structural organization and multiplication of bacteria, viruses, algae and fungi, with special mention of life history of actinomycetes, yeast, mycoplasma and bacteriophages.

UNIT III MICROBIAL NUTRITION, GROWTH AND METABOLISM

Nutritional requirements of bacteria; different media used for bacterial culture; growth curve and different methods to quantify bacterial growth; aerobic and anaerobic bioenergetics and utilization of energy for biosynthesis of important molecules.

UNIT IV CONTROL OF MICROORGANISMS

Physical and chemical control of microorganisms; host-microbe interactions; anti-bacterial, antifungal and anti-viral agents; mode of action and resistance to antibiotics; clinically important microorganisms.

UNIT V INDUSTRIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

Primary metabolites; secondary metabolites and their applications; preservation of food;production of penicillin, alcohol, vitamin B-12; biogas; bioremediation; leaching of ores by microorganisms; biofertilizers and biopesticides; microorganisms and pollution control; **TOTAL: 45 PERIODS** biosensors

TEXT BOOKS

1. Talaron K, Talaron A, Casita, Pelczar and Reid. Foundations in Microbiology, W.C. Dr. K.G. PAI Brown Publishers, 1993. Principal & Professor Pelezar MJ, Chan ECS and Krein NR, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New 10AC Coimbatore Delhi, India.

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FD8201

BIOCHEMISTRY

LTPC

3003

5

OBJECTIVE

• To enable students learn the fundamentals of Biochemical Processes and Biomolecules.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIOMOLECULES

Basic principles of organic chemistry, role of carbon, types of functional groups, biomolecules, chemical nature of water, pH and biological buffers.

UNIT II STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES OF IMPORTANT BIOMOLECULES 15

Carbohydrates (mono, di, oligo & polysaccharides) mutarotation, glycosidic bond, reactions of monosaccharides and reducing sugars Starch, glycogen, cellulose and chitin. Proteoglycans, glycosaminoglycans. hyaluronic acid, chondroitin sulfate. Lipids: Fatty acids, glycerol. triacylglycerol, saponification, iodination, hydrogenation, phospholipids. glycolipids, sphingolipids. Inherited metabolic disorders of Lipid-metabolism-TaySaach's disease, Niemann-Pick's disease and Gaucher's disease. Cholesterol, steroids, Bile acids and salts, Gluco-and Mineralo-corticosteroids. Aldosterone, cortisone and synthetic derivativeprednisolone. Androgens-testosterone, Estrogens- estrone, estradiol and progesterone. Prostaglandins and their functions. LDL, HDL and VLDL. Cardiovascular disease and correlation with circulating lipid and lipoprotein concentration Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins. Classification based on side-chain properties. Structures, hierarchy of organization primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures, glycoproteins, lipoproteins. Determination of primary structure. Nucleic acids: Purines, pyrimidines, nucleosides, nucleotides, Chargaff's Rules. Base pairing, A-T and G-C, mRNA, rRNA and tRNA., Watson-Crick structure of DNA. reactions, properties, Tm and hypochromicity, Measurement of DNA and RNA. Nucleoprotein complexes

UNIT III METABOLISM CONCEPTS

Functions of Proteins, Enzymes, introduction to biocatalysts, metabolic pathways, primary and secondary metabolites. Interconnection of pathways and metabolic regulation.

UNIT IV INTERMEDIARY METABOLISM AND REGULATION

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Glycolysis, TCA cycle, gluconeogenesis, pentose phosphate shunt, glyoxalate shunt, fatty acid synthesis and oxidation, reactions of amino acids, deamination, transamination and decarboxylation, urea cycle, Bioenergetics - High energy compounds, electronegative potential of compounds, respiratory chain, ATP cycle, calculation of ATP yield during oxidation of glucose and fatty acids.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES

Case study on overproduction of primary and secondary metabolites - glutamic₁, acid, threonine, lysine, methionine, isoleucine, propionic acid and ethanol. K.G. Chavadi, threonine, soleucine, propionic acid and ethanol.

OUTCOMES

• To ensure students have a strong foundation in the structure and reactions of Biomolecules. 31

• To introduce them to metabolic pathways of the major biomolecules and relevance to clinical conditions.

• To correlate Biochemical processes with Biotechnology applications.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry 6th Edition by David L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox

2. Satyanarayana, U. and U. Chakerapani, "Biochemistry" 3rd Rev. Edition, Books & Allied Ltd., 2006. 3. Rastogi, S.C. "Biochemistry" 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.

4. Conn, E.E., etal., "Outlines of Biochemistry" 5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 1987.

5. Outlines of biochemistry, 5th Edition: By E E Conn, P K Stumpf, G Bruening and R Y Doi. pp 693. John Wiley and Sons, New York. 1987.

REFERENCES

1. Berg, Jeremy M. et al. "Biochemsitry", 6th Edition, W.H. Freeman & Co., 2006.

2. Murray, R.K., etal "Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry", 27th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2006.

3. Voet, D. and Voet, J.G., "Biochemistry", 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2004.

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INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

FD8303

FOOD MICROBIOLOGY

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

• The course aims to develop the knowledge of students in the basic area of Food Microbiology.

• This is necessary for effective understanding of food processing and technology subjects as well as food safety.

• This course will enable students to appreciate the role of microbes in food spoilage, preservation of foods and food borne infections.

UNIT I ROLE OF MICROBES IN SPOILAGE OF FOODS

Factors affecting spoilage of foods, Microbial flora associated with various food groups their spoilage potential. Microbiological spoilage problems associated with typical food products.

UNIT II CONTROL OF MICROBES IN FOODS

Use of antimicrobial chemicals- organic acids, sugars, sodium chloride, nitrites, phosphates, sulphites, benzoates, sorbates / propionates naturally occurring antimicrobials; physical methodslow and high temperatures, drying, radiation and high pressure; tolerance of microbes to chemical and physical methods in various foods.

UNIT III MICROBES IN FOOD FERMENTATIONS 9

Microbes of importance in food fermentations, – homo & hetero-fermentative bacteria, yeasts & fungi; biochemistry of fermentations – pathways involved, lactic acid bacteria fermentation and starter cultures, alcoholic fermentations -yeast fermentations - characteristics and strain selection, fungal fermentations. microbes associated with typical food fermentations-yoghurt, cheese, fermented milks, breads, idli, soy products, fermented vegetables and meats.

UNIT IV MICROBIAL AGENTS OF FOOD BORNE ILLNESS

Food borne infections and food poisoning, microbial toxins, Gram Negative and Gram positive food borne pathogens; toxigenic algae and fungi; Food borne viruses; helminths, nematodes and protozoa.

UNIT V MICROBIAL EXAMINATION OF FOODS

39 Detection & Enumeration of microbes in foods; Indicator organisms and microbiological criteria: Rapid and automated microbial methods - development and impact on the detection of food borne pathogens; Applications of immunological, techniques to food industry; Detection methods for E. coli, Staphylococci, Yersinia, Campylobacter, B. cereus, Cl. botulimum& Salmonella, Listeria monocytogenes Norwalk virus, Rotavirus, Hepatitis A virus from food samples

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OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students are expected to

• Be able to understand and identify the various microbes associated with foods and food groups.

• Be able to understand and identify the role of these microbes in food spoilage, food preservation.

• Understand the role of pathogens in food borne infections.

• Understand the methods used to detect pathogens in foods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Banwart, G.J. "Basic Food Microbiology" 2nd Edition. CBS Publishers, 1998.

2. Vijaya Ramesh. "Food Microbiology". MJP Publishers, Chennai, 2007. -

3. Jay, J.M. "Modern Food Microbiology". 4th Edition. CBS Publishers, 2003.

4. Adams, M.R. and M.O. Moss." Food Microbiology". New Age International, 2002

5. Khetarpaul, Neelam. "Food Microbiology" Daya Publishing House, 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Montville, Thomas J. and Karl R. Matthews "Food Microbiology: An Introduction". ASM Press, 2005

2. Ray, Bibek and ArunBhunia. "Fundamental Food Microbiology" 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2008

3. Pawsey, R. K. "Case Studies in Food Microbiology for Food Safety and Quality". The Royal Society of Chemistry, 2001.

4. Forsythe, S.J. "The Microbiology of Safe Food". Blackwell Science, 2000.

5. Doyle, Michael P. "Food Microbiology: Fundamentals and Frontiers". 2nd Edition, ASM Press, 2001.







FD8305

FOOD CHEMISTRYAND NUTRITION

LTPC

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OBJECTIVE:

• The course aims to develop the knowledge of students in the basic area of Food Chemistry. This is necessary for effective understanding of food processing and technology subjects. This course will enable students to appreciate the similarities and complexities of the chemical components in foods.

UNIT I AN OVERVIEW OF NUTRITION

Definition, six classes of nutrients, calculating energy values from food, using the RDA, nutritional status, nutritional requirement, malnutrition, nutritional assessment of individuals and populations, dietary recommendations, Balanced diet planning: Diet planning principles, dietary guidelines; food groups, exchange lists, personal diet analysis; Digestion, Absorption and Transport: Anatomy and physiology of the digestive tract, mechanical and chemical digestion, absorption of nutrients.

UNIT II CARBOHYDRATES

Simple Sugars: mono and disaccharides, Properties, Caramelization, Maillard reaction;Sugar alcohols; Oligosaccharides: structure, nomenclature, occurrence, uses in foods. Polysaccharides: Starch- Structure, Properties, Functional role in food system, Modified starches, Resistant starch, Starch hydrolysates, Applications in food industry.Non-starch polysaccharides:Pectins, Gums &Hydrocolloid, Fiber - Cellulose & hemicellulose; Food sources, functional role and uses in foods.Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, lactose intolerance; Glycemic and Non-glycemic carbohydrates, blood glucose regulation, recommendations of sugar intake for health, health effects of fiber and starch intake, Artificial sweeteners; Importance of blood sugar regulation, Dietary recommendations for NIDDM andIDDM

UNIT III PROTEINS & LIPIDS

Review of protein structure & conformation; Properties & reactions of proteins in food systems: Dissociation, optical activity, solubility, hydration, swelling, foam formation & stabilization, gel formation, emulsifying effect, thickening & binding, amino acids in Maillard reaction, denaturation; Food enzymes ; Texturized proteins; Food sources, functional role and uses in foods.Review of structure, composition & nomenclature of fats. Non-glyceride components in fats & oils; Properties of fats & oils: crystal formation, polymorphism, melting points, plasticity, 44 isomerisation, unsaturation; Modification of fats: hydrogenation- cis and trans isomers, interesterification, acetylation, winterization; Hydrolytic rancidity & oxidative rancidity; radiolysis Shortening power of fats, tenderization, emulsification, frying - smoke point, auto oxidation, polymerization; Fat replacements; Food sources, functional role and uses in foods. Lipid digestion, absorption and transport; Functions of the triglycerides; essential fatty acids- n-3 and n-6 fatty acids; trans fatty acids, Medium Chain Triglycerides, phospholipids and sterols; Health effects and recommended intakes of lipids. Digestion and absorption of proteins; Functions of proteins: amino acids, Recommended intakes of proteins, Deficiency- short term and long term effects



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UNIT IV WATER AND MICRONUTRIENTS

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42 Chemistry, physical properties, free, bound & entrapped water, water activity. Drinking water, mineral water, water hardness, water quality for food processing. Mineral & vitamin content of foods- Food and Pharmaceutical grades; Recommended daily intake, toxicities, deficiencies, factors affecting bioavailability, Stability under food processing conditions.

UNIT V METABOLISM, ENERGY BALANCE AND BODY COMPOSITION 9

Review of catabolic and anabolic pathways of glucose, fats and amino acids; Definition, units, calorific value of foods - bomb calorimeter; energy requirements - basal metabolism. specific dynamic action of foods, energy balance, direct and indirect calorimetry, physiological energy value of foods; Energy Balance and Body Composition: Energy balance; body weight and body composition; health implications; obesity, BMR and BMI calculations; Weight Control: Fat cell development; hunger, satiety and satiation; dangers of weight loss; how to identify unsafe weight loss schemes; treatment of obesity; attitudes and behaviors toward weight control.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students are expected to

• Be able to understand and identify the various food groups; the nutrient components (macro and micro), proximate composition.

• Be able to understand and identify the non-nutritive components in food, naturally present.

• Understand and use effectively, food composition tables and databases.

• Grasp the functional role of food components and their interaction in food products in terms of colour, flavour, texture and nutrient composition

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Chopra, H.K. and P.S. Panesar. "Food Chemistry". Narosa, 2010.

2. Meyer, Lillian Hoagland. "Food Chemistry". CBS Publishers, 1987.

- 3. Deman, John M. "Principles of Food Chemistry". 3rd Edition. Springer, 1999.
- 4. Vaclavik, V. A. and Christian E. W. "Essentials of Food Science". II Edition, KluwerAcademic, Springer, 2003.

5. Mann, Jim and Stewart Truswell "Essentials of Human Nutrition". 3rd Edition. Oxford Principal & Protessor Dhaanish Ahmed Institute of Technology, Dr. K.G. I University Press, 2007. Dhsanish Avenue, K.G. Chavadi,

Coimbatore - 641 105.



6. Gibney, Michael J., et al., "Introduction to Human Nutrition". 2nd Edition. Blackwell,2009.

7. Gropper, Sareen S. and Jack L.Smith "Advanced Nutrition and Human Metabolism". 5th Edition. Wadsworth Publishing, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Gopalan C., B.V. Rama Sastri, and S.C. Balasubramanian S. C. "Nutritive Value of Indian Foods". NIN, ICMR, 2004.

2. Damodaran, S., K.L. Parkin and O.R. Fennema. "Fennema's Food Chemistry". 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2008

3. Belitz,H.-D, Grosch W and Schieberle P. "Food Chemistry", 3rd Rev. Edition, SpringerVerlag, 2004.

4. Walstra, P. "Physical Chemistry of Foods". Marcel Dekker Inc. 2003. 5. Owusu-Apenten, Richard. "Introduction to Food Chemistry". CRC Press, 2005.







GE8291 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING LTPC

3003

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OBJECTIVES:

• To study the nature and facts about environment.

• To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.

• To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.

• To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.

• To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth's interior and surface.

• To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

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UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. case studies – Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification – role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets – river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain. 95

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organization-environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. – wasteland reclamation – consumerism and waste products – environment production act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – water environment machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health – human rights – value education – HIV / AIDS – women and child welfare – role of information technology in environment and human health – Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

· Public awareness of environmental is at infant stage.

• Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions

Development and improvement in std. of living has lead to serious environmental disasters

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TEXTBOOKS:

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES :

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) PVT, LTD, Hydrabad, 2015.

3. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

4. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Céngage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2014.



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FD8503 REFRIG	ERATION AND COLD CHAIN M	IANAGEMENT	LTPC
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OBJECTIVES:

• To understand the underlying principles of operation in different Refrigeration & cold storage systems and its components.

• To provide knowledge on design aspects of cold storage systems

UNIT I REFRIGERATION PRINCIPLES

Refrigeration – principles - refrigeration effect – coefficient of performance – units of refrigeration - simple vapour compression cycle – T-S diagram – p-h chart - application of refrigeration

UNIT II VAPOUR COMPRESSION REFRIGERATION AND COMPONENTS 9

Vapour compression system - refrigeration components - compressor and condenser - types, construction and working - expansion device and evaporators - types, construction and working

UNIT III REFRIGERANTS AND VAPOUR ABSORPTION CYCLE

Refrigerants – properties – classification – comparison and advantages – chloroflouro carbon (CFC) refrigerants - effect on environmental pollution - alternate refrigerants - vapour absorption cycle – theoretical - deviation in practice - Electrolux refrigerator – construction and principles.

UNIT IV SHELF – LIFE OF FOOD PRODUCTS

Defining overall Shelf-life, remaining shelf life in the context of Chilled & Frozen foods; Deterioration modes of food items; Models of quality deteriroration-Kinetic model; shelf-life model; Q10/q10 model; TTT model for the remaining shelf – life; General procedure for shelf – life testing – the 11 steps procedure. Storage of frozen foods; - Basic design requirements of storage to uphold the shelf –life – size , insulation, entry –exit position, palletization, proper disk-space for air-circulation, automatic door – closing, proper lighting, temperature monitoring and recording facility; stacking systems, emergency exits, material handling devices like fork-lifts, pallet trucks, etc floor heaters, vapour barriers, etc.

UNIT V COLD CHAIN

What is cold chain? Need for the chain for chilled / frozen food item, various links of the chain; importance of shelf- life; just – in-time deliveries; Temperature limits;-in various countries-Europe, US, Australia etc; Chilling and freezing;- Chilling injury, cook-chilling systems: cold – shortening; PPP and TTT concepts; Temperature monitoring; -Critical temperatures; Temperature –time indicators(TTI); Time –temperature –correlation-the kinetic

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approach, effective temperature; Transportation regulations; Role of packaging in cold chain-MAS, MAP, CAS, CAP etc; Thaw indicators.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

• Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to demonstrate the operations in different Refrigeration & cold storage systems and also able to design Refrigeration & cold storage systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Anand, M.L. "Refrigeration& Air-Conditioning". Asian Books Pvt., Ltd., 2002.

2. Sun, Da-Wen. "Advances in Food Refrigeration". Leatherhead Publishing, 2001.

3. Kennedy, Christopher J. "Managing Frozen Foods". CRC / Woodhead Publishing, 2000.

4. James, S.J. and C. James. "Meat Refrigeration". CRC / Woodhead Publishing, 2002.

5. Stringer, Mike and C. Dennis. "Chilled Foods: A Comprehensive Guide". 2nd Edition, CRC / Woodhead Publishing, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Evans, Judith. "Frozen Food Science and Technology". Wiley-Blackwell, 2008. 2. Hui, Y.H. etal., "Handbook of Frozen Foods". Marcel Dekker, 2004.







FD8601 FOOD PROCESS ENGINEERING AND ECONOMICS LTPC

3003

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OBJECTIVE:

• To expose the students to the fundamental knowledge of food, its properties and different methods of food processing

UNIT I RHEOLOGY AND TEXTURE OF FOOD MATERIALS

Concept of rheology, elastic, plastic and viscous behaviour, viscoelasticity, rheological models and constitutive equations. Methods of texture evaluation, subjective and objective measurements. Aerodynamic and hydrodynamic characteristics. Application to separation, pneumatic handling and conveying. Material handling: Material handling machines and conveyors. Pre-treatment unit operations: Cleaning, Dehullingand Dehusking, Sorting & Grading, Peeling, Mixing and Forming.Size reduction and separation. Agitation and Mixing. Mechanical Separations: Centrifugation, liquid-liquid centrifugation, liquid-solid centrifugation, clarifiers, desludging and decanting machines. Filtration: Principles involved in filtration. Pressure and vacuum filtration. Expression: batch and continuous type.. Extraction and Leaching, Crystallization and Distillation: Basic principles involved. Baking, Roasting and Frying equipment

UNIT II THERMAL PROCESSING

Concept of thermo bacteriology: Arrhenius analogy, its application in design. Determination of heat resistance of micro organisms. Thermal processing: Blanching, Pasteurizations and Sterilization - principles, different methods and equipments. Processing in containers, process time, Tevaluation, Design of batch and continuous sterilization. Design and analysis of fermenter. Shelf life: Calculation of shelf life. Shelf life requirements, Deteriorative reactions. Accelerated testing. Transport properties of barriers. Simulations of product package environment interaction. Shelf life simulation for moisture, oxygen, and light sensitive products.

UNIT III WATER BINDING AND DRYING

Raults Law. Water sorption Isotherms - Hysteresis. Water activity measurement method. Water binding and its effect on enzymatic and non-enzymatic reactions and food texture. Control of water activity and moisture. Permeability: Theoretical considerations. Permeability of gases and vapours. Permeability of multilayer materials. Permeability in relation to packaging requirement of foods.Drying: Principles of drying, drying rate kinetics, Classification, mass and energy balance. Different types of dryers and components - roller, spray, tray, compartment, fluidized bed etc.

UNITIV METHODS OF FOOD PROCESSING

Institute of Technology, Low Temperature: Freezing of Foods, Types of freezers including, ice cream freezers, Freeze concentration and freeze drying. Freezing curves, phase diagrams, methods of freeze concentration, design problems. Membrane processes: Ultra filtration, Reverse osmosis, Electrodialysis, per-evaporation and micro filtration. High Temperature: Extrusion: Extrusion

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cookers, cold extrusion, single and twin screw extrusion. Low pressure and high pressure extrusion, properties of Food materials, its significance in equipment design, processing and handling Evaporation: Principles of evaporation, types and selection evaporators, mass and energy balance. Design of single and multiple effect evaporators, recompression heat and mass recovery and vacuum creating devices. Fouling of evaporators and heat exchanges. Non - Thermal Methods: Microwave and Dielectric & Infrared heating: Physical parameters. Heat transfer phenomenon. Equipment and application. Irradiation - Principle and its equipments, Blending and pulverization equipments.

UNIT V LAYOUT AND COST ESTIMATION

Technology scaleup -Product and process layout - Expansion and Improvements of Existing Facilities- Inventory control - Cost Indexes - Capacity vis-a-vis Costs - Factored Cost Estimate - Break - even point - Improvements- Module Cost Estimation - Unit Operations Estimate- Detailed Cost Estimate- Accuracy of Estimates- Case Study: Capital Cost Estimation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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OUTCOMES:

• Students will understand the importance of quality control and food packaging in shelf life of foods.

Understand thermal processing of food and hygiene practices in food industry.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Toledo, Romeo T. "Fundamentals of Food Process Engineering" II Edition. CBS Publishers, 2000.

2. Fellows P. J "Food Processing Technology" Woodhead Publishing, 1998.

3. Smith P. G "Introduction to Food Process Engineering". Springer, 2005

4. Earle, R.L, "Unit Operations in Food Processing". Pergamon Press. Oxford. U.K, 2003

REFERENCES:

1. Sahay, K. M. and K.K.Singh.."Unit operation of Agricultural Processing", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004

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2. Berk, Zeki. "Food Process Engineering and Technology". Elsevier, 2009.





FD8004 PROCESS ECONOMICS AND INDUSTRIAL MANAGEMENT LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVE:

• To introduce process economics and industrial management principles to chemical engineers.

UNIT I PRINCIPLES OF PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT AND ORGANISATION 15

Planning, organization, staffing, coordination, directing, controlling, communicating, organization as a process and a structure; types of organizations Method study; work measurement techniques; basic procedure; motion study; motion economy; principles of time study; elements of production control; forecasting; planning; routing; scheduling; dispatching; costs and costs control, inventory and inventory control.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ECONOMICS FOR PROCESS ENGINEERS - INTEREST, INVESTMENT COSTS AND COST ESTIMATION 10

Time Value of money; capital costs and depreciation, estimation of capital cost, manufacturing costs and working capital, invested capital and profitability.

UNIT III PROFITABILITY, INVESTMENT ALTERNATIVE AND REPLACEMENT 8

Estimation of project profitability, sensitivity analysis; investment alternatives; replacement policy; forecasting sales; inflation and its impact.

UNIT IV ANNUAL REPORTS AND ANALYSIS OF PERFORMANCE

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Principles of accounting; balance sheet; income statement; financial ratios; analysis of performance and growth.

UNIT V ECONOMIC BALANCE AND QUALITY AND QUALITY CONTROL

Essentials of economic balance – Economic balance approach, economic balance for insulation, evaporation, heat transfer. Elements of quality control, role of control charts in production and quality control.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• The objective of this course is to teach principles of cost estimation, feasibility analysis, management, organization and quality control that will enable the students to perform as efficient managers.



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TEXT BOOKS:

1. Peters, M. S. and Timmerhaus, C. D., "Plant Design and Economics for Chemical Engineers", V Edn., McGraw Hill, 2002.

2. Holand, F.A., Watson, F.A. and Wilkinson, J.K., "Introduction to process Economics", IIEdn., John Wiley, 1983.

3. Narang, G.B.S. and Kumar, V., "Production and Costing", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1988.

REFERENCES:

1. Allen, L.A., "Management and Organization", McGraw Hill. 2. Perry, R. H. and Green, D., "Chemical Engineer's Handbook ", VII Edn., McGraw Hill.



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GE8073 FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE

LTPC

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OBJECTIVE:

• To learn about basis of nanomaterial science, preparation method, types and application

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Nanoscale Science and Technology- Implications for Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Engineering-Classifications of nanostructured materials- nano particles- quantum dots, nanowiresultra-thinfilms-multilayered materials. Length Scales involved and effect on properties: Mechanical, Electronic, Optical, Magnetic and Thermal properties. Introduction to properties and motivation for study (qualitative only).

UNIT II GENERAL METHODS OF PREPARATION

Bottom-up Synthesis-Top-down Approach: Co-Precipitation, Ultrasonication, Mechanical Milling, Colloidal routes, Self-assembly, Vapour phase deposition, MOCVD, Sputtering, Evaporation, Molecular Beam Epitaxy, Atomic Layer Epitaxy, MOMBE.

UNIT III NANOMATERIALS

Nanoforms of Carbon - Buckminster fullerene- graphene and carbon nanotube, Single wain carbon Nanotubes (SWCNT) and Multi wall carbon nanotubes (MWCNT)- methods of synthesis(arcgrowth, laser ablation, CVD routes, Plasma CVD), structure-property Relationships applicationsNanometal oxides-ZnO, TiO2,MgO, ZrO2, NiO, nanoalumina, CaO, AgTiO2, Ferrites, Nanoclaysfunctionalization and applications-Quantum wires, Quantum dots-preparation, properties and applications.

UNIT IV CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES

X-ray diffraction technique, Scanning Electron Microscopy - environmental techniques, Transmission Electron Microscopy including high-resolution imaging, Surface Analysis techniquesAFM, SPM, STM, SNOM, ESCA, SIMS-Nanoindentation.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

NanoInfoTech: Information storage- nanocomputer, molecular switch, super chip, nanocrystal, Nanobiotechlogy: nanoprobes in medical diagnostics and biotechnology, Nano medicines, Targetted drug delivery, Bioimaging - Micro Electro Mechanical Systems (MEMS), Nano Electro Mechanical Systems (NEMS)- Nanosensors, nano crystalline silver for bacterial inhibition, Nanoparticles for sunbarrier products - In Photostat, printing, solar cell, battery.



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OUTCOMES:

- Will familiarize about the science of nanomaterials
- Will demonstrate the preparation of nanomaterials
- Will develop knowledge in characteristic nanomaterial

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.S. Edelstein and R.C. Cammearata, eds., "Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Propertiesand Applications", Institute of Physics Publishing, Bristol and Philadelphia, 1996.

2. N John Dinardo, "Nanoscale Charecterisation of surfaces & Interfaces", 2nd edition, Weinheim Cambridge, Wiley-VCH, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. G Timp, "Nanotechnology", AIP press/Springer, 1999.

2. Akhlesh Lakhtakia, "The Hand Book of Nano Technology, Nanometer Structure, Theory, Modeling and Simulations". Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.



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FD8702

FOOD SAFETY, QUALITY AND REGULATION

3003

LTPC

OBJECTIVES:

• To characterize different type of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments

• To help become skilled in systems for food safety surveillance

• To be aware of the regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world

• To ensure processed food meets global standards

UNIT I

Introduction to food safety and security: Hygienic design of food plants and equipments, Food Contaminants (Microbial, Chemical, Physical), Food Adulteration (Common adulterants), Food Additives (functional role, safety issues), Food Packaging & labeling. Sanitation in warehousing, storage, shipping, receiving, containers and packaging materials. Control of rats, rodents, mice, birds, insects and microbes. Cleaning and Disinfection, ISO 22000 – Importance and Implementation

UNIT II

Food quality: Various Quality attributes of food, Instrumental, chemical and microbial Quality control. Sensory evaluation of food and statistical analysis. Water quality and other utilities.

UNIT III

Critical Quality control point in different stages of production including raw materials and processing materials. Food Quality and Quality control including the HACCP system. Food inspection and Food Law, Risk assessment – microbial risk assessment, dose response and exposure response modelling, risk management, implementation of food surveillance system to monitor food safety, risk communication

UNIT IV

Indian and global regulations: FAO in India, Technical Cooperation programmes, Biosecurity in Food and Agriculture, World Health Organization (WHO), World Animal Health Organization (OIE), International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC)

UNIT V

Codex Alimentarius Commission - Codex India – Role of Codex Contact point, National Codex contact point (NCCP), National Codex Committee of India – ToR, Functions, Shadow Committees etc.

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AN.M.E.,Ph.D.,



OUTCOMES:

• Thorough Knowledge of food hazards, physical, chemical and biological in the industry and food service establishments

• Awareness on regulatory and statutory bodies in India and the world

REFERENCES:

1. Handbook of food toxicology by S. S. Deshpande, 2002

2. The food safety information handbook by Cynthia A. Robert, 2009

3. Nutritional and safety aspects of food processing by Tannenbaum SR, Marcel Dekker Inc. New York 1979

4. Microbiological safety of Food by Hobbs BC, 1973

5. Food Safety Handbook by Ronald H. Schmidt, Gary E. Rodrick, A John Wiley & Sons Publication, 2003



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FD8018 MANAGEMENT OF FOOD WASTE LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

• Importance of treating waste product from food industry.

• Treatment methods and recycling of waste product from food industry.

UNIT I CLASSIFICATION & CHARACTERIZATION OF FOOD INDUSTRY WASTE 8

Classification and characterization of waste from various food industries; Need for treating waste from various food industries.

UNIT II WASTE FROM MEAT, DAIRY AND VEGETABLE PROCESSING INDUSTRY 9

Classification, analysis and disposal of waste from meat; Bioremediation and utilization of dairy waste. Treatment of water from fruit and vegetable processing industry

UNIT III TREATMENT METHODS OF WASTE FROM FOOD INDUSTRY

9

Treatment methods for liquid waste from food industry; Design of activated sludge process, bioremediation, trickling filter process and Anaerobic Digestion Treatment methods for solid waste from food industry-drying, incineration and Design of solid waste management.

UNIT IV RECYCLING AND UTILIZATION OF WASTE PRODUCT FROM FOOD INDUSTRY 10

Treatment of water from food industry -BOD, COD, RO. Recovery of protein from potato starch plant, utilization of molasses, utilization of waste from meat and fish for live stock and poultry.

UNIT V REGULATORY ISSUES WITH FOOD INDUSTRY WASTE

9

International and national scenario on disposal of waste from food industries; Regulatory issues with food industry waste

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Awareness of Importance in treating waste product from food industry.

Knowledge of Treatment methods and recycling of waste product from food industry.

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TEXT BOOKS:

1. Herzka, A. and Booth, R.G. "Food Industry and Trade: Recycling Waste". Applied Science Publishers, 1981.

2. Tegge, G., Green, J. H., and A. Kramer. "Food Processing Waste Management;: AVI Publishing, 1979.

REFERENCES:

1. VassoOreopoulou and Winfried Russ. "Utilization of by-products and Treatment of Waste in the Food Industry". Springer, 2007.

2. Ioannis S. Arvanitoyannis. "Waste Management for the Food Industries". Academic Press, 2008.







TEXT BOOKS:

1. Herzka, A. and Booth, R.G. "Food Industry and Trade: Recycling Waste". Applied Science Publishers, 1981.

2. Tegge, G., Green, J. H., and A. Kramer. "Food Processing Waste Management;: AVI Publishing, 1979.

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2. Ioannis S. Arvanitoyannis. "Waste Management for the Food Industries". Academic Press, 2008.



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MX3084 DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT L T P C

3000

COURSE OBJECTIVE

• To impart knowledge on concepts related to disaster, disaster risk reduction, disaster management • To acquaint with the skills for planning and organizing disaster response

UNIT I HAZRADS, VULNERABILITY AND DISASTER RISKS 9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Types of Disasters: Natural, Human induced, Climate change induced –Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc – Technological disasters- Structural collapse, Industrial accidents, oil spills -Causes, Impacts including social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Disaster vulnerability profile of India and Tamil Nadu - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, Complex emergencies, - -, Inter relations between Disasters and Sustainable development Goals

UNIT II DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR) 9

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community Based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions / Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders- Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.- Relevance of indigenous Knowledge, appropriate technology and Local resources.

UNIT III DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9

Components of Disaster Management – Preparedness of rescue and relief, mitigation, rehabilitation and reconstruction- Disaster Risk Management and post disaster management – Compensation and Insurance- Disaster Management Act (2005) and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmers and legislation - Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- (NDMA – SDMA-DDMA-NRDF- Civic Volunteers)

UNIT IV TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT 9

Early warning systems -Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster – Disaster Damage Assessment. -Elements of Climate Resilient Development –Standard operation Procedure for disaster response – Financial planning for disaster Management

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: CASE STUDIES 9 G. PAR

Discussion on selected case studies to analyse the potential impacts and actions in the contest of disasters-Landslide Hazard Zonation: Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings



and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.- Field work-Mock drill

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1 Taimpo (2016), Disaster Management and Preparedness, CRC Publications

2 Singh R (2017), Disaster Management Guidelines for earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches and tsunami, Horizon Press Publications

3 Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN13: 978-9380386423

4 Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]

REFERENCES

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005.

2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009. 3. Shaw R (2016), Community based Disaster risk reduction, Oxford University Press

COURSE OUTCOME:

CO1: To impart knowledge on the concepts of Disaster, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk reduction (DRR)

CO2: To enhance understanding on Hazards, Vulnerability and Disaster Risk Assessment prevention and risk reduction

CO3: To develop disaster response skills by adopting relevant tools and technology

CO4: Enhance awareness of institutional processes for Disaster response in the country and

CO5: Develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential Disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity



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GE8076 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN ENGINEERING L T P C

3003

OBJECTIVE:

• To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES 10

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation – Commitment – Empathy – Self confidence – Character – Spirituality – Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS 9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues – Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – Consensus and Controversy – Models of professional roles - Theories about right action – Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories.

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION 9

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics – A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS 9

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination.

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES 8

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Moral Leadership –Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:



• Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the society.



TEXT BOOKS:

1. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

2. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.

2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics – Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009.

3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003

4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.

5. Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.

6. World Community Service Centre, ' Value Education', Vethathiri publications, Erode, 2011.



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GE8071

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

• To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.

• To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction

• To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

• To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country and

• To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Disasters: Types of disasters – Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc - Classification, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, Climate change- Dos and Don'ts during various types of Disasters.

UNIT II APPROACHES TO DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR)

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Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of-community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stake-holders - Institutional Processess and Framework at State and Central Level-State Disaster Management Authority(SDMA) – Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.

UNIT III INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISASTERS AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc.- Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India - Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT IV DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA

9

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India, Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components



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in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster – Disaster Damage Assessment.

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: APPLICATIONS AND CASE STUDIES AND FIELD WORKS

Landslide Hazard Zonation: Case Studies, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

• Differentiate the types of disasters, causes and their impact on environment and society

• Assess vulnerability and various methods of risk reduction measures as well as mitigation.

• Draw the hazard and vulnerability profile of India, Scenarious in the Indian context, Disaster damage assessment and management.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423

2. Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]

3. Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi, 2011

4. Kapur Anu Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, NewDelhi, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005

2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009



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GE8291 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING L T P C

3003

14

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OBJECTIVES:

• To study the nature and facts about environment.

• To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.

• To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.

• To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.

• To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth's interior and surface.

• To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site –

Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.





UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

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Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people - Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies - Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies - Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. case studies -Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification - role of an individual in conservation of natural resources - Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets - river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain. 95

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management - resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organizationenvironmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions - climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. - wasteland reclamation - consumerism and waste products - environment production act - Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Wildlife protection act - Forest conservation act - enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health – human rights – value education – HIV / AIDS - women and child welfare - role of information technology in environment and human health - Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

N.M.E., Ph.D.

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OUTCOMES:

• Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

• Public awareness of environmental is at infant stage.

• Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions

· Development and improvement in std. of living has lead to serious environmental disasters

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Principal 21

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TEXTBOOKS:

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES :

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) PVT, LTD, Hydrabad, 2015.

3. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

4. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2014.







GE8291 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING L T P C

3003

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OBJECTIVES:

• To study the nature and facts about environment.

• To finding and implementing scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.

• To study the interrelationship between living organism and environment.

• To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.

• To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth"s interior and surface.

• To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Definition, scope and importance of environment – need for public awareness - concept of an ecosystem – structure and function of an ecosystem – producers, consumers and decomposers – energy flow in the ecosystem – ecological succession – food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the (a) forest ecosystem (b) grassland ecosystem (c) desert ecosystem (d) aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) – Introduction to biodiversity definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – biogeographical classification of India – value of biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – hot-spots of biodiversity – threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – endangered and endemic species of India – conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Field study of common plants, insects, birds; Field study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, hill slopes, etc.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

Definition – causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – role of an individual in prevention of pollution – pollution case studies – disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides. Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

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UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES

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Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies- timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources: Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. case studies – Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification – role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles. Field study of local area to document environmental assets – river / forest / grassland / hill / mountain. 95

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

From unsustainable to sustainable development – urban problems related to energy – water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – role of non-governmental organizationenvironmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust, case studies. – wasteland reclamation – consumerism and waste products – environment production act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Wildlife protection act – Forest conservation act – enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation- central and state pollution control boards- Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Population growth, variation among nations – population explosion – family welfare programme – environment and human health – human rights – value education – HIV / AIDS – women and child welfare – role of information technology in environment and human health – Case studies

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

• Environmental Pollution or problems cannot be solved by mere laws. Public participation is an important aspect which serves the environmental Protection. One will obtain knowledge on the following after completing the course.

• Public awareness of environmental is at infant stage.

Ignorance and incomplete knowledge has lead to misconceptions

• Development and improvement in std. of living has lead to serious environmental disasters



TEXTBOOKS:

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

2. Gilbert M.Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.

REFERENCES :

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India PVT LTD, New Delhi, 2007.

2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press(I) PVT, LTD, Hydrabad, 2015.

3. Rajagopalan, R, 'Environmental Studies-From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, 2005.

4. G. Tyler Miller and Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India PVT, LTD, Delhi, 2014.



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GE8075

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVE:

• To give an idea about IPR, registration and its enforcement.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction to IPRs, Basic concepts and need for Intellectual Property - Patents, Copyrights, Geographical Indications, IPR in India and Abroad – Genesis and Development – the way from WTO to WIPO –TRIPS, Nature of Intellectual Property, Industrial Property, technological Research, Inventions and Innovations – Important examples of IPR.

UNIT II REGISTRATION OF IPRs 10

Meaning and practical aspects of registration of Copy Rights, Trademarks, Patents, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets and Industrial Design registration in India and Abroad

UNIT III AGREEMENTS AND LEGISLATIONS 10

International Treaties and Conventions on IPRs, TRIPS Agreement, PCT Agreement, Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act, Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act.

UNIT IV DIGITAL PRODUCTS AND LAW 9

Digital Innovations and Developments as Knowledge Assets – IP Laws, Cyber Law and Digital Content Protection – Unfair Competition – Meaning and Relationship between Unfair Competition and IP Laws – Case Studies.

UNIT V ENFORCEMENT OF IPRs 7

Infringement of IPRs, Enforcement Measures, Emerging issues - Case Studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

• Ability to manage Intellectual Property portfolio to enhance the value of the firm.

TEXT BOOKS:

I. V. Scople Vinod, Managing Intellectual Property, Prentice Hall of India pvt Ltd, 2012

2. S. V. Satakar, "Intellectual Property Rights and Copy Rights, Ess Ess Publications, New Delhi, 2002 Dhaanish Avenue, K.G. Chavadi, Comparise 441105.



REFERENCES:

1. Deborah E. Bouchoux, "Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents and Trade Secrets", Cengage Learning, Third Edition, 2012.

2. Prabuddha Ganguli,"Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy", McGraw Hill Education, 2011.

3. Edited by Derek Bosworth and Elizabeth Webster, The Management of Intellectual Property, Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., 2013.



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GE8076 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN ENGINEERING L T P C

3003

OBJECTIVE:

• To enable the students to create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values to instill Moral and Social Values and Loyalty and to appreciate the rights of others.

UNIT I HUMAN VALUES 10

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation – Commitment – Empathy – Self confidence – Character – Spirituality – Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT II ENGINEERING ETHICS 9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues – Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – Consensus and Controversy – Models of professional roles - Theories about right action – Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories.

UNIT III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION 9

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics – A Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS 9

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk - Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination.

UNIT V GLOBAL ISSUES 8

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Moral Leadership –Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

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• Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to apply ethics in society, discuss the ethical issues related to engineering and realize the responsibilities and rights in the society.


TEXT BOOKS:

1. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

2. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.

2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics -Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009.

3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003

4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.

5. Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.

6. World Community Service Centre, ' Value Education', Vethathiri publications, Erode, 2011.



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Coimbatore - 641 105.



GE8074

HUMAN RIGHTS

LTPC

3003

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OBJECTIVE :

• To sensitize the Engineering students to various aspects of Human Rights.

UNIT I

Human Rights - Meaning, origin and Development. Notion and classification of Rights -Natural, Moral and Legal Rights. Civil and Political Rights, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights; collective / Solidarity Rights.

UNIT II

Evolution of the concept of Human Rights Magana carta - Geneva Convention of 1864. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948. Theories of Human Rights.

UNIT III

Theories and perspectives of UN Laws - UN Agencies to monitor and compliance.

UNIT IV

Human Rights in India - Constitutional Provisions / Guarantees.

UNIT V

Human Rights of Disadvantaged People - Women, Children, Displaced persons and Disabled persons, including Aged and HIV Infected People. Implementation of Human Rights -National and State Human Rights Commission - Judiciary - Role of NGO's, Media, Educational Institutions, Social Movements.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOME:

• Engineering students will acquire the basic knowledge of human rights.

REFERENCES:

M.E., Ph.D., L. Kapoor S.K., "Human Rights under International law and Indian Laws", Central Law, Agency, Allahabad, 2014. Dhaanish Ahmed institute of Te anish Avenue, K.G. Chavadi,

Chandra U., "Human Rights", Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad, 2014, atore - 641 105.

Upendra Baxi, The Future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.



GE8071

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

LTPC

3003

OBJECTIVES:

• To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.

• To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction

• To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

• To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country and

• To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS 9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Disasters: Types of disasters – Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc - Classification, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, Climate change- Dos and Don'ts during various types of Disasters.

UNIT II APPROACHES TO DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR) 9

Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of-community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stake-holders - Institutional Processess and Framework at State and Central Level-State Disaster Management Authority(SDMA) – Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.

UNIT III INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISASTERS AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc.- Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India - Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT IV DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA 9

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India, Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, and Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components



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in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster - Disaster Damage Assessment

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: APPLICATIONS AND CASE STUDIES AND FIELD WORKS 9

Landslide Hazard Zonation: Case Studies, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

• Differentiate the types of disasters, causes and their impact on environment and society

• Assess vulnerability and various methods of risk reduction measures as well as mitigation.

• Draw the hazard and vulnerability profile of India, Scenarious in the Indian context, Disaster damage assessment and management.

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423

2. Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]

3. Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi, 2011

4. Kapur Anu Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, NewDelhi, 2010.

REFERENCES

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act, Government of India, New Delhi, 2005

2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy, 2009

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IP3151

INDUCTION PROGRAMME

This is a mandatory 2 week programme to be conducted as soon as the students enter the institution. Normal classes start only after the induction program is over.

The induction programme has been introduced by AICTE with the following objective:

"Engineering colleges were established to train graduates well in the branch/department of admission, have a holistic outlook, and have a desire to work for national needs and beyond. The graduating student must have knowledge and skills in the area of his/her study. However, he/she must also have a broad understanding of society and relationships. Character needs to be nurtured as an essential quality by which he/she would understand and fulfill his/her responsibility as an engineer, a citizen and a human being. Besides the above, several meta-skills and underlying values are needed."

"One will have to work closely with the newly joined students in making them feel comfortable, allow them to explore their academic interests and activities, reduce competition and make them work for excellence, promote bonding within them, build relations between teachers and students, give a broader view of life, and build character. "

Hence, the purpose of this programme is to make the students feel comfortable in their new environment, open them up, set a healthy daily routine, create bonding in the batch as well as between faculty and students, develop awareness, sensitivity and understanding of the self, people around them, society at large, and nature.

The, following are the activities under the induction program in which the student would be fully engaged throughout the day for the entire duration of the program.

(xxviii)Physical Activity

This would involve a daily routine of physical activity with games and sports, yoga, gardening, etc.

(xxix) Creative Arts

Every student would choose one skill related to the arts whether visual arts or performing arts. Examples are painting, sculpture, pottery, music, dance etc. The student would pursue it every day for the duration of the program. These would allow for creative expression. It would develop a sense of aesthetics and also enhance creativity which would, hopefully, grow into engineering design later.

(xxx) Universal Human Values

This is the anchoring activity of the Induction Programme. It gets the student to explore oneself and allows one to experience the joy of learning, stand up to peer pressure, make decisions with courage, be aware of relationships with colleagues and supporting stay in the hostel and department, be sensitive to others, etc. A module in Universal Human Values provides the base. Methodology of teaching this content is extremely important. It must not be

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through do's and don'ts but get students to explore and think by engaging them in a dialogue. It is best taught through group discussions and real life activities rather than lecturing. Discussions would be conducted in small groups of about 20 students with a faculty mentor each. It would be effective that the faculty mentor assigned is also the faculty advisor for the student for the full duration of the UG programme.

(xxxi) Literary Activity

Literary activity would encompass reading, writing and possibly, debating, enacting a play etc.

(xxxii) Proficiency Modules

This would address some lacunas that students might have, for example, English, computer familiarity etc.

(xxxiii)Lectures by Eminent People

Motivational lectures by eminent people from all walks of life should be arranged to give the students exposure to people who are socially active or in public life.

(xxxiv) Visits to Local Area

A couple of visits to the landmarks of the city, or a hospital or orphanage could be organized. This would familiarize them with the area as well as expose them to the underprivileged.

(xxxv) Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

They should be told about what getting into a branch or department means what role it plays in society, through its technology. They should also be shown the laboratories, workshops & other facilities.

(xxxvi)Department Specific Activities

About a week can be spent in introducing activities (games, quizzes, social interactions, small experiments, design thinking etc.) that are relevant to the particular branch of Engineering / Technology / Architecture that can serve as a motivation and kindle interest in building things (become a maker) in that particular field. This can be conducted in the form of a workshop. For example, CSE and IT students may be introduced to activities that kindle computational thinking, and get them to build simple games. ECE students may be introduced to building simple circuits as an extension of their knowledge in Science, and so on. Students may be asked to build stuff using their knowledge of science.

Induction Programme is totally an activity based programme and therefore there shall be no tests / assessments during this programme.



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HS3151 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH – I

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the communicative competence of learners
- To help learners use language effectively in academic /work context
- To build on students' English language skills by engaging them in listening, speaking and grammar learning activities that are relevant to authentic contexts.
- To develop learners' ability to read and write complex texts, summaries, articles, blogs, definitions, essays and user manuals. To use language efficiently in expressing their opinions via various media.

INTRODUCTION TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION 1

- What is effective communication? (There are many interesting activities for this.)
- Why is communication critical for excellence during study, research and work?
- What are the seven C's of effective communication?
- What are key language skills?
- What is effective listening? What does it involve? What is effective speaking?
- What does it mean to be an excellent reader? What should you be able to do?
- What is effective writing? How does one develop language and communication skills?
- What does the course focus on?
- How are communication and language skills going to be enhanced during this course?
- What do you as a learner need to do to enhance your English language and communication skills to get the best out of this course?

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO FUNDAMENTALS OF COMMUNICATION

Listening –for general information-specific details- conversation: Introduction to classmates – Audio / video (formal & informal); Telephone conversation; Listening to voicemail & messages; Listening and filling a form Speaking – Self Introduction; Introducing a friend; Conversation – politeness strategies; Telephone conversation; Leave a voicemail; Leave a message with another person; asking for information to fill details in a form. Reading – Reading brochures (technical context), telephone messages / social media messages relevant to technical contexts and emails. Writing – Writing emails / letters introducing oneself Grammar – Present Tense (simple and progressive); Question types: Why/ Yes or No/ and Tags Vocabulary – Synonyms; One word substitution; Abbreviations & Acronyms

UNIT II NARRATION AND SUMMATION

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Listening – Listening to podcast, anecdotes / stories / event narration; documentaries and interviews with celebrities. Speaking – Narrating personal experiences / events; Interviewing a celebrity; Reporting / and summarizing of documentaries / podcasts/ interviews. Reading - Reading biographies, travelogues, newspaper reports, Excerpts from literature, and travel & technical blogs.Writing – Guided writing– Paragraph writing Short Report on an event (field trip etc.) Grammar –Past tense (simple); Subject-Verb Agreement; and



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Prepositions Vocabulary – Word forms (prefixes& suffixes); Synonyms and Antonyms. Phrasal verbs.

UNIT III DESCRIPTION OF A PROCESS / PRODUCT

Listening – Listen to a product and process descriptions; a classroom lecture; and advertisements about a products. Speaking – Picture description; giving instruction to use the product; presenting a product; and Summarizing a lecture. Reading – Reading advertisements, gadget reviews; user manuals. Writing – Writing definitions; instructions; and Product /Process description.

Grammar – Imperatives; Adjectives; Degrees of comparison; Present & Past Perfect Tenses. Vocabulary – Compound Nouns, Homonyms; and Homophones, discourse markers (connectives & sequence words)

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Listening - Listening to TED Talks; Scientific lectures; and educational videos. Speaking -Small Talk; Mini presentations and making recommendations. Reading - Newspaper articles; Journal reports -and Non Verbal Communication (tables, pie charts etc,.)Writing - Notemaking / Note-taking (*Study skills to be taught, not tested; Writing recommendations; Transferring information from nonverbal (chart, graph etc, to verbal mode) Grammar Articles; Pronouns - Possessive Relative & pronouns. Vocabulary - Collocations; Fixed / Semi fixed expressions.

UNIT V EXPRESSION

Listening - Listening to debates/ discussions; different viewpoints on an issue; and panel discussions. Speaking -group discussions, Debates and Expressing opinions through Simulations & Role play. Reading Reading editorials: and Opinion Blogs; Writing Essay Writing (Descriptive or narrative). Grammar - Future Tenses, Punctuation; Negation (Statements & Questions); and Simple, Compound & Complex Sentences. Vocabulary - Cause & Effect Expressions - Content vs Function words.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, learners will be able

□ To listen and comprehend complex academic texts

To read and infer the denotative and connotative meanings of technical texts

To write definitions, descriptions, narrations and essays on various topics To speak fluently and accurately in formal and informal communicative contexts

To express their opinions effectively in both oral and written medium of communication

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TEXT BOOKS:

 English for Engineers & Technologists Orient Blackswan Private Ltd. Department of English, Anna University, (2020 edition)
 English for Science & Technology Cambridge University Press, 2021. Authored by Dr. Veena Selvam, Dr. Sujatha Priyadarshini, Dr. Deepa Mary Francis, Dr. KN. Shoba, and Dr. Lourdes Joevani, Department of English, Anna University.

REFERENCES:

 Technical Communication – Principles And Practices By Meenakshi Raman & Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford Univ. Press, 2016, New Delhi.
 A Course Book on Technical English By Lakshmi Narayanan, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd.

3. English For Technical Communication (With CD) By Aysha Viswamohan, Mcgraw Hill Education, ISBN : 0070264244.
4. Effective Communication Skill, Kulbhusan Kumar, R S Salaria, Khanna Publishing House
5. Learning to Communicate – Dr. V. Chellammal, Allied Publishing House, New Delhi, 2003.



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CY8151

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

LTPC

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OBJECTIVES:

• To make the students conversant with boiler feed water requirements, related problems and water treatment techniques.

• To develop an understanding of the basic concepts of phase rule and its applications to single and two component systems and appreciate the purpose and significance of alloys.

• Preparation, properties and applications of engineering materials.

• Types of fuels, calorific value calculations, manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

• Principles and generation of energy in batteries, nuclear reactors, solar cells, wind mills and fuel cells.

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT

Hardness of water – types – expression of hardness – units – estimation of hardness of water by EDTA – numerical problems – boiler troubles (scale and sludge) – treatment of boiler feed water – Internal treatment (phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) external treatment – Ion exchange process, zeolite process – desalination of brackish water – Reverse Osmosis.

UNIT II SURFACE CHEMISTRY AND CATALYSIS

Adsorption: Types of adsorption – adsorption of gases on solids – adsorption of solute from solutions – adsorption isotherms – Freundlich's adsorption isotherm – Langmuir's adsorption isotherm – contact theory – kinetics of surface reactions, unimolecular reactions, Langmuir - applications of adsorption on pollution abatement. Catalysis: Catalyst – types of catalysis – criteria – autocatalysis – catalytic poisoning and catalytic promoters - acid base catalysis – applications (catalytic convertor) – enzyme catalysis– Michaelis – Menten equation.

UNIT III ALLOYS AND PHASE RULE

Alloys: Introduction- Definition- properties of alloys- significance of alloying, functions and effect of alloying elements- Nichrome and stainless steel (18/8) – heat treatment of steel. Phase rule: Introduction, definition of terms with examples, one component system - water system - reduced phase rule - thermal analysis and cooling curves - two component systems - lead-silver system - Pattinson process.

UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels: Introduction - classification of fuels - coal - analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate) - carbonization - manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) - petroleum - manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process) - knocking - octane number - diesel oil -

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UNIT IV FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels: Introduction: Classification of fuels; Coal and coke: Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate), Carbonization, Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method). Petroleum and Diesel:Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process), Knocking – octane number, diesel oil – cetane number; Power alcohol and biodiesel. Combustion of fuels: Introduction: Calorific value – higher and lower calorific values, Theoretical calculation of calorific value; Ignition temperature: spontaneous ignition temperature, Explosive range; Flue gas analysis – ORSAT Method. CO2 emission and carbon foot print.

UNIT V ENERGY SOURCES AND STORAGE DEVICES

Stability of nucleus: mass defect (problems), binding energy; Nuclear energy: light water nuclear power plant, breeder reactor. Solar energy conversion: Principle, working and applications of solar cells; Recent developments in solar cell materials. Wind energy; Geothermal energy; Batteries: Types of batteries, Primary battery – dry cell, Secondary battery – lead acid battery and lithium-ionbattery; Electric vehicles – working principles; Fuel cells: H2-O2 fuel cell, microbial fuel cell; Supercapacitors: Storage principle, types and examples.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, the students will be able:

- To infer the quality of water from quality parameter data and propose suitable treatment methodologies to treat water.
- To identify and apply basic concepts of nanoscience and nanotechnology in designing the synthesis of nanomaterials for engineering and technology applications
- To apply the knowledge of phase rule and composites for material selection requirements.
- To recommend suitable fuels for engineering processes and applications.
- To recognize different forms of energy resources and apply them for suitable applications in energy sectors.

TEXT BOOKS:

2018.

- 1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 17th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2018.
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3 S.S. Dara, "A Text book of Engineering Chemistry", 8. Chand Publishing, 12th Edition,

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REFERENCES:

1. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath and James Murday, "Text book of nanoscience and nanotechnology", Universities Press-IIM Series in Metallurgy and Materials Science, 2018.

2. O.G. Palanna, "Engineering Chemistry" McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2ndEdition,2017.

3. Friedrich Emich, "Engineering Chemistry", Scientific International PVT, LTD, New Delhi, 2014.

4. ShikhaAgarwal, "Engineering Chemistry-Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge UniversityPress,Delhi,SecondEdition,2019.

5. O.V. Roussak and H.D. Gesser, Applied Chemistry-A Text Book for Engineers and Technologists, Springer Science Business Media, New York, 2nd Edition, 2013.



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PH3151

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To make the students effectively to achieve an understanding of mechanics
- To enable the students to gain knowledge of electromagnetic waves and its applications.
- To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers. Equipping the students to successfully understand the importance of quantum physics.
- To motivate the students towards the applications of quantum mechanics.

UNITIMECHANICS

Multi-particle dynamics: Center of mass (CM) – CM of continuous bodies – motion of the CM – kinetic energy of system of particles. Rotation of rigid bodies: Rotational kinematics – rotational kinetic energy and moment of inertia – theorems of M .I –moment of inertia of continuous bodies –M.I of a diatomic molecule – torque – rotational dynamics of rigid bodies – conservation of angular momentum – rotational energy state of a rigid diatomic molecule – gyroscope – torsional pendulum – double pendulum –Introduction to nonlinear oscillations.

UNITIIELECTROMAGNETICWAVES

The Maxwell's equations – wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field – properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter – polarization – Producing electromagnetic waves – Energy and momentum in EM waves: Intensity, waves from localized sources, momentum and radiation pressure – Cell-phone reception. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium vacuum interface for normal incidence.

UNIT III OSCILLATIONS, **OPTICS** AND LASERS Simple harmonic motion - resonance -analogy between electrical and mechanical oscillating systems – waves on a string – standing waves – traveling waves – Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect. Reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference - Michelson interferometer - Theory of air wedge and experiment. Theory of laser – characteristics – Spontaneous and stimulated emission – Einstein's coefficients population Nd-YAG inversion laser. CO2 laser, semiconductor laser -Basic applications of lasers in industry.

UNITIVBASICQUANTUMMECHANICS

Photons and light waves – Electrons and matter waves –Compton effect – The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) – meaning of wave function – Normalization –Free particle – particle in a infinite potential well: 1D,2D and 3D Boxes-Normalization, probabilities and the correspondence principle.

UNIT V APPLIED QUANTUM

The harmonic oscillator(qualitative)- Barrier penetration and quantum tunneling(qualitative)-Tunneling microscope – Resonant diode – Finite potential wells (qualitative)- Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential – Basics of Kronig-Penney model and origin of energy bands.

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TOTAL : 45 PERIODS



COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

Understand the importance of mechanics.

□ Express their knowledge in electromagnetic waves.

Demonstrate a strong foundational knowledge in oscillations, optics and lasers.

I Understand the importance of quantum physics.

 \Box Comprehend and apply quantum mechanical principles towards the formation of energy bands.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education (IndianEdition),2017.

 E.M.Purcell and D.J.Morin, Electricity and Magnetism, Cambridge Univ.Press, 2013.
 Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, S. Rai Choudhury, Concepts of Modern Physics McGraw-Hill (Indian Edition), 2017.

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1. R.Wolfson. Essential University Physics. Volume 1 & 2. Pearson Education (Indian Edition),

2009.

Paul A. Tipler, Physic – Volume 1 & 2, CBS, (Indian Edition), 2004.
 K.Thyagarajan and A.Ghatak. Lasers: Fundamentals and Applications, Laxmi Publications, (IndianEdition), 2019.

4. D.Halliday, R.Resnick and J.Walker. Principles of Physics, Wiley (Indian Edition), 2015. 5. N.Garcia, A.Damask and S.Schwarz. Physics for Computer Science Students. Springer-Verlag, 2012.



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HS3251 PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH – II

UNIT I MAKING COMPARISONS

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Listening – Evaluative Listening: Advertisements, Product Descriptions, -Audio / video; Listening

and filling a Graphic Organiser (Choosing a product or service by comparison)

Speaking – Marketing a product, Persuasive Speech Techniques.

Reading - Reading advertisements, user manuals, brochures;

Writing – Professional emails, Email etiquette – Compare and Contrast Essay; Grammar – Mixed

Tenses, Prepositional phrases

Vocabulary – Contextual meaning of words

UNIT II EXPRESSING CAUSAL RELATIONS IN SPEAKING AND WRITING 12 Listening – Listening to longer technical talks and completing– gap filling exercises. Listeningtechnical information from podcasts – Listening to process/event descriptions to identify cause & effects – Speaking – Describing and discussing the reasons of accidents or disasters based onnews reports.Reading – Reading longer technical texts– Cause and Effect Essays, and Letters / emails of complaint, Writing – Writing responses to complaint. Grammar – Active Passive Voice transformations, Infinitive and Gerunds Vocabulary – WordFormation (Noun-Verb-Adj-Adv), Adverbs.

UNIT III PROBLEM SOLVING

Listening – Listening to / Watching movie scenes/ documentaries depicting a technical problemandsuggestingsolutions.Speaking – Group Discussion(based on case studies), – techniques and Strategies,Reading – Case Studies, excerpts from literary texts, news reports etc.,Writing – Letter to the Editor, Checklists, Problem solution essay / Argumentative Essay Grammar--Error correction; If conditional sentences Vocabulary – Compound Words, Sentence Completion.

UNIT IV REPORTING OF EVENTS AND RESEARCH

Listening – Listening Comprehension based on news reports – and documentaries – Precis writing, Summarising, Speaking –Interviewing, Presenting an oral report, Mini presentations on selecttopics;Reading –Newspaper articles; Writing – Recommendations, Transcoding, AccidentReport, SurveyReport Grammar – Reported Speech, Modals Vocabulary – Conjunctions- use of prepositions

UNIT V THE ABILITY TO PUT IDEAS OR INFORMATION COGENTLY

Listening – Listening to TED Talks, Presentations, Formal job interviews, (analysis of the interviewperformance);Speaking – Participating in a Role play, (interview/telephone interview), virtual interviews, Makingpresentations with visual aids;Reading – Comparprofiles, Statement of Purpose, (SOP), an excerpt of interview withprofessionals; Writing – Job / Internship application – Cover letter & Resume; Grammar –Numerical adjectives, Relative Clauses Vocabulary – Idioms.



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